

Yi 2

7399

F 40

15  
Diseases & disorders of the liver.



V They are ~~often~~ <sup>after</sup> ~~discovered~~ <sup>discovered</sup> from  
worms in this liver. They are called the  
finch worm. They are found in the <sup>only</sup> liver,  
where the bile is so diluted & watery, as not  
to be offensive to them by its bitterness or tenacity.

+ induces fresh inflammation <sup>in</sup> - It produces also  
dropsy - and finally hemorrhages <sup>from liver - stomach & nose -</sup> ~~of death~~  
<sup>from</sup> the last. said to be from the right nostril, but  
this is not uniformly the case. Death generally follows  
these hemorrhages. But there is a morbid state  
of the liver consequent on Inflamm<sup>n</sup> called  
by DeCasson lately Hepatalgia - & it con-  
sists <sup>in</sup> of a torpor of the liver with Scirrhus  
from exhausted sensibility & Irritability.



1 inspissated bile. 2 from <sup>18</sup> gall stones. 3 from <sup>obstruction induced by anger</sup> spasm & 4 from  
the pressure of adjacent parts - such as the feces in the colon  
- the Colic from wind - and the distention of the Uterus in  
pregnancy - 5 ~~from inflammation of the liver~~ <sup>from inflammation of the liver</sup> 6.  
from Schismus of the liver 7. from bilious Diarrhea:  
= <sup>& Dysentery</sup> mitting fevers producing disease in the liver. In con-  
-sequence of these direct, and indirect Obstructions of  
the <sup>& its Absorption & mixture with the blood</sup> excretion of Bile a ~~Jaundice~~ <sup>Jaundice</sup> is induced. It is  
known by a pale, or deep yellow - or dark color of  
the skin. The pale color arises from the Absorption  
of the hepatic bile - the yellow from the Absorption  
of the cystic bile - It is only when both are Ab-  
-sorbed, or when the Obstruction is seated in the  
Ductus Communis cholidochus, that the humors  
become <sup>Costive</sup> ~~white~~, and the stools white. The <sup>dark</sup> ~~black~~  
color of the skin (constituting what is called the  
black Jaundice) the bile is absorbed after it  
becomes dark by Stagnation, and the Absorption  
of its thinner parts. The blackness of the African  
is supposed to be derived originally from this  
among other causes. The <sup>yellowness of which</sup> ~~other symptoms of~~  
<sup>at the yellow Bile which is absorbed is said</sup> ~~Jaundice~~ <sup>great languor & Depression of</sup>  
~~induced from the Absorption of the~~



The Liver from its size and functions is an important part of the human body. Its lymphatics are extensive, and the causes which induce <sup>& disorders</sup> diseases in it are very numerous. I shall at present speak of its principal disease, that of what is called Hepatitis, or <sup>the</sup> hepatic state of fever. ~~Hereafter~~ <sup>afterwards</sup> I shall treat of its disorders ~~which~~ will be more intelligible after we have considered the functions of the liver, which I shall do previously to our entering upon the diseases of the mind.

The remote causes of Hepatitis are such as act primarily on the liver such as 1<sup>st</sup> secondarily on the liver - such as all the causes which induce gout & madness, and 2<sup>ly</sup> such as act primarily on the liver. These are Contusions on the liver & Noxious miasmatic exhalations = p:2



*[Faint, illegible handwriting throughout the page, likely bleed-through from the reverse side.]*



to  
be  
the  
of  
is  
L  
" a  
2  
n  
off  
e  
F

-9  
The  
It  
as  
for  
in  
of

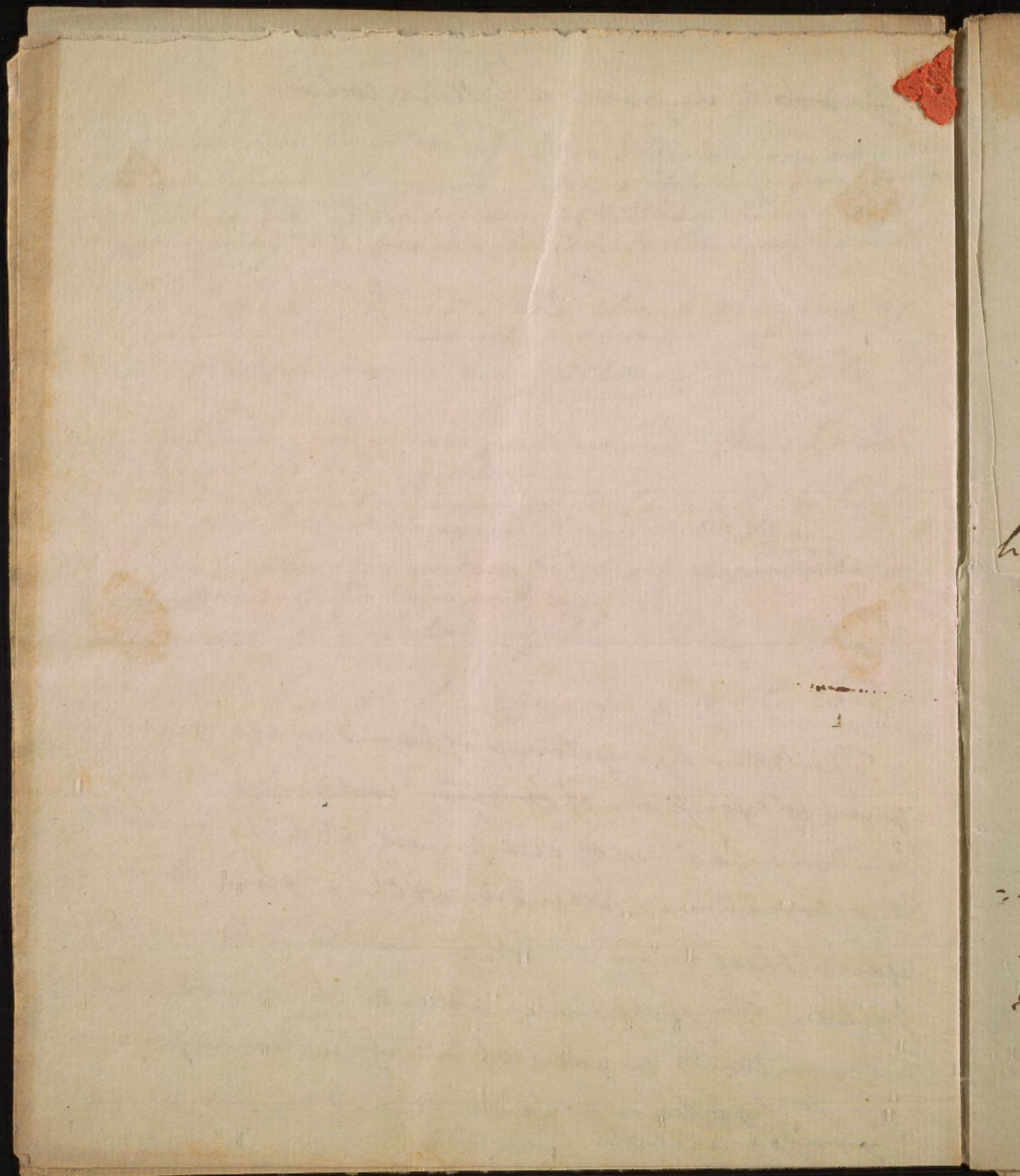


~~Spirits~~ to impart a yellow color

to all the objects of vision, but this is not true. The bile tinges the tunica conjunctiva only, and never, perhaps the fine humors of the eye. Even the milk of mothers who give such is not tinged with it. It is more common for the bile to impart a bitter taste to <sup>solid</sup> aliment, & sometimes liquids. Oysters only in one instance are exceptions to it. Milk retains its sweetness in the worst state of jaundice. Now is the taste of the saliva ~~changed~~, <sup>not the color</sup> of the tongue <sup>changed</sup>. Persons of all ages are subject to the jaundice - from the retention of the ~~urine~~ <sup>urine</sup>. even new born infants. It attacks the two sexes nearly alike. out of 100 Dr Huchard says ~~but~~ 52 were men & 48 women.

The other symptoms of jaundice are great languor & depression of spirits - costiveness, & now & then diarrhoea, with occasional itching in the skin. It is sometimes attended with a slow fever. Again there is no change in the action of the pulse. It sometimes attends the paroxysms of intermittents & goes off in its intermissions. It has been known to end in Dropsy, & Typhus.







Secretion & excretion of Bile into the  
~~the~~ Duodenum where it produces Diarrhea,  
 sickness - bitter taste in the mouth - Head  
 ach - fever & great depression of spirits.

It occurs <sup>in warm climates -</sup> in bilious fevers. & in  
 the Gout - & in madness, & in Diabetes.  
 & after violent exercise. It is acute, or  
 hard drinkers.

~~Chronic~~ <sup>Chronic</sup> - Some people are afflicted with it  
 when these gallstones are on y

of the gall bladder they produce another  
 disease to be mentioned presently.

II The gall bladder is subject to a <sup>suppression</sup> ~~prostration~~  
~~of~~ <sup>of</sup> secretion & excretion of Bile into  
~~the Duodenum~~ <sup>this</sup> ~~It~~ occurs in the  
~~its~~ beginning, and worst stage of the  
 yellow fever. Its Remedies were formerly ment.

III The Gall bladder is subject to putrefaction



① A discharge <sup>of blood</sup> from the hemorrhoidal <sup>#</sup> vessels is favourable in its first stage, but fatal in its last. —

# Raw Eggs have been advised in Jaundice, but ~~with~~ <sup>the</sup> use of late years they have been found to be useless.

A gentleman in this city put the following prescription into my hands which he said had cured himself & several of his friends. viz

To Potash - Gun Arab. a 3℥ last Soap 3℥ Brandy  
℥i from 1/2 to 1/2 wine glass full to be taken  
3 times a day. — ②



Secretion & excretion of Bile into the  
~~the~~ Duodenum where it produces Diarrhea,  
 sickness - bitter taste in the mouth - Head  
 ach - fever & great depression of Spirits.

It occurs 1. In bilious fevers. 2. in <sup>in warm climates -</sup>  
 the Gout. 3. in madness. 4. in Diabetes.  
 5. <sup>after</sup> violent passions. 6. In  
 after violent exercise. It is acute, or  
 hard drinkers.

Chronic. Some people are afflicted with it  
 half their lives, especially when it arises  
 from heat, or the miasmata of  
 Southern climates - or from Gout. It  
 is indeed a form of Gout. I have called  
 it a Diabetes, or a salivation of the  
 Liver. It is increased by all existing  
 causes which act as Irritants on  
 the system. Its Remedies are change



disordered liver. ~~for~~ Dr Scott speaks in high terms  
of it. I can say ~~very~~ but little of it from my  
own experience. ~~Dr. Wardell thinks he has been~~  
~~relieved by it.~~ ~~Dr. Clark speaks highly of the~~  
effects of a Bath in <sup>the</sup> this Acid was added to  
water, so as to ~~be~~ impart an acid taste to it.  
Common salt w<sup>d</sup> ~~have~~ probably have had the same effect.  
The acid acted only as a stimulus. Asserius has  
been useful in Schismus in Caput Riste.)



of ~~Cholera~~ when it arises from bilious  
 & Blisters  
 fever gentle purges & vomits - then  
 cold Bath, & other  
 tonics - and a Change of Climate when

it arises from bilious fever. When  
 from Gout - the Remedies for Gout.

~~I have cured it frequently from~~

They are both often combined - Vomits  
 should be used cautiously - they relieve,  
 but never cure. I rely chiefly on

purges as Rhubarb. - Blisters ~~are~~ and  
 exciting a new & distant Action by  
 Blisters & a salivation, Dividing at  
 the same time all its remote exciting  
 causes in Livers exposure to bad Air -

& improper Drinks & Diet. The vitric Acid has  
 been ~~thoroughly recommended in all chronic cases of~~

Sometimes ~~then~~ the Liver when  
 irritated discharges a preternat Quantity  
 of thin pale liquor like Water - a Mr











Tuller of this city who was long affl.  
 with Colic, used to discharge gallons of  
 a pale  
 this liquor every two or 3 weeks for many  
 years. It was suspected to come from  
 a ruptured lymphatic in his stomach.  
 upon opening him after he died, Dr. Phy-  
 -rich & myself found his stomach free  
 from any such affection. But we found  
 his gall bladder filled with such a  
 pale liquor as he used to discharge, &  
 at the bottom of it four gallstones,  
 two of which had polished themselves  
 by rubbing against each other. They  
 had probably been there for 40 years,  
 for he had been subject to Colic all  
 that time. His Colic ceased several years  
 before he died - he died of a fever from  
 a fall. In Hypertalgia & Pinson says I used  
 handful. In Schistos - ~~but with the same~~



Baths of ~~is~~ have been found useful.  
Dr Scott & the East India physicians speak  
highly of <sup>in Diseases</sup> ~~the Chronic~~ obstructions of  
the liver of the Biliary ~~Dis~~ and ~~of~~ <sup>in Dyspepsia or</sup> ~~of~~  
-ful at any time it must be in its  
Sclerotic state. It acts as a tonic.  
It causes nothing in its favor from  
my own Experience. D



